English Department BA/BS Interim Assessment Report, Fall 2015

Overview

Department: English

Report Preparer: English Department Assessment Committee

Program Name and Level: Undergraduate BA in Literature; BS in Elementary and Secondary Education

Program Assessment Question	Response
1) <u>URL</u> : Provide the URL where the learning outcomes (LO) can be	http://web.ccsu.edu/english/undergraduatePrograms/files/English BA Learning Outcomes.pdf
viewed.	http://web.ccsu.edu/english/undergraduatePrograms/files/English_BS_Learning_Outcomes.pdf
2) <u>LO Changes</u> : Identify any changes to the LO and briefly describe why they were changed (e.g., LO more discrete, LO aligned with findings)	There are no changes.
3) <u>Strengths</u> : What about your assessment process is working well?	Our assessment process has led the department to make important curricular changes and to continue to discuss the rationale for our rubric.
4) Improvements : What about your assessment process needs to improve? (a brief summary of changes to assessment plan should be reported here)	We continue to strengthen the reliability of our assessment data by making sure the measurements for each learning outcome are consistently made regardless of class level. The English department faculty have worked together to assure the accuracy of our data.

• • • •	complete questions 5, 6 and 7 (you may add more rows if you have more than 5 LOs):
LO #1) Thesis	The source of the data is the literature rubric.
5) <u>Assessment Instruments</u> : For each LO, what is the source of the	The source of the data is the interature rubric.
data/evidence, other than GPA,	
that is used to assess the stated	
outcomes? (e.g., capstone course,	
portfolio review and scoring rubric,	
licensure examination, , etc.)	
6) Interpretation: Who interprets	The Assessment Committee
the evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn.	
assistant, etc.). If this differs by LO,	
provide information by LO.	
7) <u>Results</u> : Since the most recent	Conclusion:
full report, state the conclusion(s)	Our students in the BA and BS programs continue to improve their skills in this area. Thesis stands as one
drawn, what evidence or	of our students strongest areas. After a dip in 2013-2014, students scored highly in Spring 2015.
supporting data led to the	Evidence:
conclusion(s), and what changes	This conclusion is based on the data from the literature rubrics. See appended
have been made as a result of the	Changes: The English department created two courses to improve students' understanding and writing in
conclusion(s).	the major: 298 Introduction to Literary Theory and 398 : Topics in Literary Theory and Research. We also
	clarified our expectations for each level of study and completed curricular reform. We continue to hold
	periodic discussions on curricula and evaluations. "Thesis" is among our most important areas of focus.
LO #2)_Reading	
5) Assessment Instruments: For	The literature rubric is the source of this data.
each LO, what is the source of the	
data/evidence, other than GPA,	
that is used to assess the stated	
outcomes? (e.g., capstone course,	
portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	
6) Interpretation : Who interprets	The Assessment Committee.
the evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn.	
assistant, etc.). If this differs by LO,	
provide information by LO.	

7) <u>Results</u> : Since the most recent full report, state the conclusion(s) drawn, what evidence or supporting data led to the conclusion(s), and what changes have been made as a result of the conclusion(s).	Conclusion: Our Ba and BS students continue to improve their skills as close, analytical readers. "Reading" is probably our most consistent areas. The modeling our faculty do of close-reading methods and the work students do at home and in class to practice these methods clearly influences their writing. Evidence(e.g., conclusion based on data in table x): This conclusion is based on data from the rubric. Changes: See #7 under LO #1
	Changes: See #7 under LO #1
LO #3)Quotes	
5) <u>Assessment Instruments</u> : For each LO, what is the source of the data/evidence, other than GPA, that is used to assess the stated outcomes? (e.g., capstone course, portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	The literature rubric is the source of this data.
6) Interpretation : Who interprets the evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn. assistant, etc.). If this differs by LO, provide information by LO.	The Assessment Committee
7) <u>Results</u> : Since the most recent full report, state the conclusion(s) drawn, what evidence or supporting data led to the conclusion(s), and what changes	Conclusion: Our BA and BS students show inconsistency here. Although our last data, from Spring 2015, shows a high number of students meeting or surpassing what is acceptable, faculty will focus on this critical and practicable skill in the coming semesters.
have been made as a result of the conclusion(s).	Evidence(e.g., conclusion based on data in table x): The conclusion is based on data from the rubric.
	Changes: See #7 under LO #1

LO #4)Demonstration of Thesis	
5) Assessment Instruments: For	The data comes from the literature rubric.
each LO, what is the source of the	
data/evidence, other than GPA,	
that is used to assess the stated	
Outcomes? (e.g., capstone course, portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	
6) Interpretation: Who interprets	The Assessment Committee.
the evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn.	
assistant, etc.). If this differs by LO,	
provide information by LO.	
7) <u>Results</u> : Since the most recent	Conclusion:
full report, state the conclusion(s)	Our BA and BS students have shown consistently strong scores in demonstrating their theses in written
drawn, what evidence or	work.
supporting data led to the	Evidence(e.g., conclusion based on data in table x):
conclusion(s), and what changes	The data in the rubric.
have been made as a result of the	Changes:See #7 under LO#1.
conclusion(s).	
LO #5)Context	
5) Assessment Instruments: For	The data comes from the literature rubric.
each LO, what is the source of the	
data/evidence, other than GPA,	
that is used to assess the stated	
outcomes? (e.g., capstone course,	
portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	
6) Interpretation : Who interprets	The Assessment Committee.
the evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn.	
assistant, etc.). If this differs by LO,	
provide information by LO.	

7) Results : Since the most recent full report, state the conclusion(s) drawn, what evidence or supporting data led to the conclusion(s), and what changes	Conclusion: Our BA and BS students have shown steady improvement in LO "Context" over the past 3 semesters, a trend we will work to continue. We plan improvements and increased standardization in our surveys of historical periods, which should reinforce the success our students are enjoying in this area.
have been made as a result of the conclusion(s).	Evidence(e.g., conclusion based on data in table x): The data in the rubric.
	Changes: See #7 under LO #1.

LO #5) LO #6 Secondary Material	
5) <u>Assessment Instruments</u> : For each LO, what is the source of the data/evidence, other than GPA, that is used to assess the stated outcomes? (e.g., capstone course, portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	The data comes from the literature rubric.
6) Interpretation : Who interprets the evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn. assistant, etc.). If this differs by LO, provide information by LO.	The Assessment Committee.
7) Results : Since the most recent full report, state the conclusion(s) drawn, what evidence or supporting data led to the conclusion(s), and what changes have been made as a result of the conclusion(s).	Conclusion: Our BA and BS students continue to improve in their use of secondary materials, especially since the implementation of ENG 398. However, we will further refine the research requirements in our 400-level courses in the coming semesters by moving some current 400-level courses without required research to the 300 level. This will ensure that all students taking their 400-level requirements will be assigned research and the use of secondary material in their writing. Please note, in Table 4 below, the jump in students who achieve above expectations at the senior level
	Evidence: The data in the rubric. Changes: See #7 under LO #1.

Outcome	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(4)</u>	(5)
thesis	no thesis or thesis not literary, or is deemed indefensible or illegitimate	rudimentary, implicit, or conceptually muddled thesis, or is merely description rather than claim	basically sound thesis— arguable, appropriate, but simplistic and perhaps not ambitious enough for assignment	solid thesis, defined, detailed, and not only appropriate but also addresses the complexity of the work(s) addressed	explicit, complex, original
reading of lit.	on the basis of textual evidence misrepresents or misunderstands work(s) addressed	only basic or general understanding of work(s) addressed—often treats plot rather than literary elements	solid understanding of literary elements observable in work(s) addressed, but may not have much authorial elaboration or may name them without integrating them into a clear reading	demonstrates some sophistication in the reading of literature; identifies and discusses appropriately with accurate vocabulary literary elements supporting claim, though may miss some implications of what has been observed	finely drawn observations/comments on work(s) addressed
use of quotes	may be missing any textual support; quoted passages may actually contradict point at hand; may quote inaccurately	may rely too heavily on quotes to make point; may not include strongest textual evidence available, may draw spurious conclusions from appropriate passages or only limited and minor points	generally appropriate, accurate use of textual evidence, but may be used to make rather simple or obvious points; may offer passages that are unnecessarily long or fail to include details necessary to support claim	appropriate, accurate, supports argument clearly, but there may be some relevant details within quotation left untreated or a failure to recognize other elements within a passage beyond the	well-chosen, well-explicated, accurate, and integrated into author's argument

English Department Writing Assessment Rubric

				immediate point at hand	
demonstration of thesis	missing, spurious; may not be literary; may be entirely or largely plot summary	rudimentary; may be only implicit or only indirectly tied to claim; may include unnecessary plot summary	present, addresses literature, but perhaps does not arise directly from the claim or is not particularly striking or original; may be more description rather than close reading	present, relevant, literary, arises from the claim presented but may miss opportunities to develop the nuances of the work(s) addressed	convincing, complex picture of literature and literary issues addressed; stems directly from claim presented
rel. between lit. work and its context	misassertions or misinformation about context; or no attempt to contextualize	awareness of issues of context, but may ID inappropriate contexts or have only rudimentary notions of connections	ID's appropriate and helpful context; able to draw clear, useful, if not necessarily sophisticated, connections in discussion of work(s) addressed	clear, valid relationships between works and context(s), makes use of relationship to craft argument and conclusion but may miss additional contexts that complicate claim	articulates clear, valuable relationship between work(s) and appropriate context(s) in a variety of ways; sees complexity of such relationships
use of secondary or research material	req. by assignment but missing, or no citation, or material dropped into text without any purpose or relevance	material present (if req.) but long passages may be presented without discussion or authorial contextualizing; may be poorly cited; may not be related to argument advanced	used largely appropriately in support of argument, but may not be integrated fully into the argument; may have some problems with citation	used appropriately and cited correctly; demonstrates sound understanding of sources used, and sources are relevant to topic at hand; citation practices correct	material mastered and set into clear, valuable rel. with author's perspective; technicalities of use of citation entirely correct

Appendix: English Assessment Results for Literature Courses

All results (Fall 2007 - Spring 2015) by outcome

Outcome	Fall 2007	Sp 2008	Fall 2008	Sp 2009	Fall 2009	Sp 2010	Fall 2010	Sp 2011	Fall 2011	Sp 2012	Fall 2012	Sp 2013	Fall 2013	Sp 2014	Fall 2014	Sp 2015
Ν	69	300	576	869	732	605	148	602	316	748	209	197	78	267	n/a	188
Thesis	62%	68%	70%	72%	76%	85%	68%	72%	72%	81%	77%	86%	78%	79%	n/a	85%
Reading	78%	73%	78%	76%	80%	84%	76%	71%	69%	81%	78%	85%	75%	85%	n/a	84%
Quotes	75%	75%	74%	74%	69%	81%	61%	69%	65%	79%	70%	87%	69%	88%	n/a	81%
Demonstration of Thesis	68%	71%	74%	73%	73%	84%	68%	68%	67%	80%	76%	87%	72%	80%	n/a	88%
Context	72%	70%	80%	76%	74%	85%	62%	69%	75%	79%	72%	83%	74%	82%	n/a	85%
Secondary Material	79%	68%	78%	72%	67%	79%	52%	66%	58%	83%	55%	85%	90%	78%	n/a	80%

Table 3 - Percent Scoring 3 or better (passing) by rubric category

Table 4 by Class Level

	Th	Thesis Reading		Qu	otes	Demonstration of Thesis		Context		Secondary Material		
Class Level	Ν	% <u>≥</u> 3	Ν	% > 3	Ν	% > 3	Ν	% > 3	N	% > 3	N	% > 3
First Year	552	74%	559	75%	548	70%	551	71%	500	74%	336	72%
Sophomore	1508	75%	1606	74%	1560	71%	1505	72%	1393	73%	802	66%
Junior	1883	74%	1951	78%	1927	74%	1880	75%	1666	76%	960	71%
Senior	1856	78%	1899	81%	1882	79%	1853	79%	1715	80%	1030	79%
Grad/Post-Bacc	105	91%	106	93%	106	90%	104	90%	95	89%	67	94%

Table 6 by English Major

Major	The	esis	Rea	iding	Qu	iotes		nstration Thesis	Сог	ntext		ondary Iterial
	Ν	% <u>></u> 3	Ν	% <u>></u> 3	Ν	% <u>></u> 3						
English, BA	1334	77%	1339	82%	1333	82%	1333	79%	1188	80%	724	80%
English & Elem Ed English, Pre-BSED & BSED	931	79%	947	83%	946	82%	930	80%	810	80%	496	82%

English 298 Assessments: Fall 2007 – Spring 2015

Performance in English 298 – The total number of individual students who took English 298 and were assessed in that course is shown in the table below. Also provided is the percent of students who scored 3 (satisfactory) or higher and the mean assessment score. Data are categorized by the grade received in the course.

		English	298 Grade	No Assessment	Grand
		C- or higher	D, F, W, or Inc	Score	Total
	Ν	554	46	126	726
Thesis	% Score > 3	77%	65%	-	-
	Mean Score	3.37	2.93	-	-
Deedinger	Ν	557	46	123	726
Reading of Literature	% Score > 3	81%	61%	-	-
Interature	Mean Score	3.49	2.93	-	-
	Ν	555	45	126	726
Use of Quotes	% Score > 3	82%	69%	-	-
	Mean Score	3.43	2.98	-	-
	Ν	553	46	127	726
Demonstration of Thesis	% Score > 3	76%	59%	-	-
01 1110313	Mean Score	3.34	2.83	-	-
	Ν	421	37	268	726
Context	% Score > 3	78%	68%	-	-
	Mean Score	3.41	3.03	-	-
C	N	199	24	503	726
Secondary Material	% Score > 3	79%	71%	-	-
material	Mean Score	3.55	3.04	-	-

ENGLISH DEPT GENERAL EDUCATION INTERIM ASSESSMENT, FALL 2015

Department: ENGLISH

General Education LO Assessed: CRT 4. ANALYZE INFORMATION TO UNCOVER UNDERLYING MEANINGS, STRUCTURES AND PATTERNS

General Education Question	Response
1) <u>Courses</u> : General Education course(s) taught	The English courses assessed are English 105 and English 110.
2) <u>Assessment Instruments</u> : What data/evidence, other than GPA, are used assess the stated CCSU General Education outcomes? (e.g., capstone course, portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	The English Department's Composition Rubric was used as the assessment instrument. Faculty use the Composition Rubric to assess the last piece of untimed writing in English 105 and English 110. LO CRT 4 corresponds to the English Composition Rubric's Item #2, Thoughtful Ideas.
3) Interpretation : Who interprets the evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn. assistant, etc.). If this differs by XX course, provide information by XX course.	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.
4) <u>Results</u> : Since the most recent full report, state the conclusion(s) drawn, what evidence or supporting data led to the conclusion(s), and what changes have been made as a result of the conclusion(s).	The data from 2009 to 2014 indicate that a majority of students meet this learning outcome. During this period of time, 88% of the student writing assessed was satisfactory or better. Students have performed consistently well on this learning outcome during the past five years. However, in an effort to improve our pedagogy and better articulate the curricular expectations of English 105 and 110, our departmental Composition Committee has written learning outcomes for the course that align with the general education outcomes. A training session for all faculty teaching English 105 and 110 was held in August 2015, and all instructors teaching these courses will have their syllabi reviewed by the Director of Composition each semester, beginning in the spring 2016 semester.
5) <u>Strengths</u> : What about your assessment process is working well?	The English Department's Composition Rubric provides a standard way for instructors to evaluate written work in a manageable and easily understandable way.
6) Improvements: What about your assessment process needs to improve? (changes to assessment plan should be reported here)	No major changes are needed for our assessment process. However, the fall 2014 semester response rate as reported is uncharacteristically low. Data on only five student papers were reported, or a sample from one class section. We know that more sections assessed student writing, so we need to understand the cause of the reported low response rate so that it does not happen in future semesters.

General Education LO Assessed: WC 1. DEVELOP A CHOSEN TOPIC

General Education Question	Response
1) <u>Courses</u> : General Education course(s) taught	The English courses assessed are English 105 and English 110.
2) <u>Assessment Instruments</u> : What data/evidence, other than GPA, are used assess the stated CCSU General Education outcomes? (e.g., capstone course, portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	The English Department's Composition Rubric was used as the assessment instrument. Faculty use the Composition Rubric to assess the last piece of untimed writing in English 105 and English 110. LO CRT 4 corresponds to the English Composition Rubric Item #1, Controlling Idea; Item #2, Thoughtful Ideas; and Item #4, Demonstration of Controlling Ideas.
3) <u>Interpretation</u> : Who interprets the evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn. assistant, etc.). If this differs by XX course, provide information by XX course.	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.
4) <u>Results</u> : Since the most recent full report, state the conclusion(s) drawn, what evidence or supporting data led to the conclusion(s), and what changes have been made as a result of the conclusion(s).	The data from each item of the rubric that is used to assess this learning outcome shows student achievement at an acceptable level. The cumulative percentage of student writing rated higher than satisfactory is 88% for Rubric Item #1, 88% for Rubric Item #2, and 85% for Rubric Item #3. These percentages indicate that students effectively generate their own ideas and perspectives on complex issues, and they draw on appropriate types and amount of evidence. We are missing data from 2013 and 2014, but we note improvement in students' scores between 2011 and 2012. To continue honing effective teaching strategies for developing topics, instructors can teach writing as a process and assign papers that require students to choose their own topics and write their own thesis statements. Sample assignments that support this learning outcome are available on an Instructor Resource Blackboard site and in the Composition Instructor Handbook.
5) <u>Strengths</u> : What about your assessment process is working well?	The number of written assignments that instructors require (a minimum of three) is an appropriate number for teaching students to develop topics. Our assessment practice of scoring the last untimed writing assignment shows us what students have learned before exiting our courses.
6) Improvements: What about your assessment process needs to improve? (changes to assessment plan should be reported here)	No major changes are needed for our assessment process. We might raise scores through professional development that focuses on designing assignments that teach students to develop topics, but we have already discussed this topic in our August 2015 training. As previously noted, the fall 2014 semester response rate is uncharacteristically low. Data on only five student papers were reported, or a sample from one class section. We know that more sections assessed student writing, so we need to understand why the response rate was reported as low so that it does not happen in future semesters.

General Education LO Assessed: WC2. ORGANIZE SPECIFICS TO SUPPORT A MAIN IDEA

General Education Question	Response
1) <u>Courses</u> : General Education course(s)	The English courses assessed are English 105 and English 110.
taught	
2) Assessment Instruments: What	The English Department's Composition Rubric was used as the assessment instrument. Faculty use the Composition Rubric
data/evidence, other than GPA, are	to assess the last piece of untimed writing in English 105 and English 110. LO CRT 4 corresponds to the English
used assess the stated CCSU General	Composition Rubric Item #3, Organization, and Item #4, Demonstration of Controlling Idea.
Education outcomes? (e.g., capstone course,	
portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	
3) Interpretation : Who interprets the	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.
evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn. assistant, etc.).	
If this differs by XX course, provide	
information by XX course.	The results of our assessment indicate that students are able to organize specific evidence in support of a central idea. The
4) <u>Results</u> : Since the most recent full	cumulative percentages from our rubric items (86% above satisfactory for item #3 and 85% above satisfactory for item #4)
report, state the conclusion(s) drawn, what evidence or supporting data led to	are high. These results indicate that our faculty teach stages in the writing process (such as outlining, peer review, and
the conclusion(s), and what changes	evaluation of evidence) that aid students in building well supported arguments. We know that some of our instructors
have been made as a result of the	work with our librarians to support students as they search for and evaluate sources.
conclusion(s).	
5) <u>Strengths</u> : What about your	This assessment works well and has provided our composition faculty with positive feedback that encourages us to
assessment process is working well?	continue our teaching methods. In order to continue improving our instruction, we have partnered with our librarians
assessment process is working went	who are designing a composition specific LibGuide that will aid students in finding sources; our composition instructors
	will then teach students to organize their findings from these sources. We are missing sufficient data from 2013 and 2014,
	but we can report improvement in students' scores between 2011 and 2012.
6) Improvements: What about your	No major changes are needed for our assessment process. We might raise scores through professional development that
assessment process needs to improve?	focuses on designing assignments that teach students to develop topics, but we have already discussed this topic in our
(changes to assessment plan should be reported	August 2015 training. Our assessment data is incomplete, as previously noted, because the fall 2014 semester response
here)	rate is uncharacteristically low. Data on only five student papers were reported, or a sample from one class section. We
	know that more sections assessed student writing, so we need to understand the reason for such a low reported response
	rate so that it does not happen in future semesters.

General Education LO Assessed: WC3. USE PROPER GRAMMAR

General Education Question	Response
1) <u>Courses</u> : General Education course(s)	The English courses assessed are English 105 and English 110.
taught	
2) Assessment Instruments: What	The English Department's Composition Rubric was used as the assessment instrument. Faculty use the Composition Rubric
data/evidence, other than GPA, are	to assess the last piece of untimed writing in English 105 and English 110. LO CRT 4 corresponds to the English
used assess the stated CCSU General	Composition Rubric's Item #6, Conventions.
Education outcomes? (e.g., capstone course,	
portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	
3) Interpretation: Who interprets the	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.
evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn. assistant, etc.).	
If this differs by XX course, provide	
information by XX course.	
4) <u>Results</u> : Since the most recent full	The results of our assessment demonstrate that students use proper grammar in their formal writing assignments. The
report, state the conclusion(s) drawn,	cumulative percentage of students who scored satisfactorily or better is 82%; while high, this percentage is slightly lower
what evidence or supporting data led to	than other rubric items and learning outcomes. Faculty are advised to teach grammar in the context of students' own
the conclusion(s), and what changes	writing through revision, which scholarship in composition has shown to be a more effective strategy than tests or
have been made as a result of the	exercises.
conclusion(s).	
5) <u>Strengths</u>: What about your	This assessment works well and has provided our composition faculty with positive data. It is useful to assess students'
assessment process is working well?	final untimed writing to rate their grammatical correctness because they have revised their writing multiple times prior to
o i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	our faculty assessing it.
6) Improvements: What about your	This assessment works well and has provided our composition faculty with data that shows relative to other areas, we
assessment process needs to improve?	could work with students to improve their grammar. This pedagogical concern is addressed in the Composition Instructor
(changes to assessment plan should be reported	Handbook, but continued professional development could be designed. The fall 2014 semester response rate is
here)	uncharacteristically low. Data on only five student papers were reported, or a sample from one class section. We know
	that more sections assessed student writing, so we need to understand the reason for such a low reported response rate
	so that it does not happen in future semesters.

General Education LO Assessed: WC4. ADDRESS A PARTICULAR AUDIENCE

General Education Question	Response
1) Courses: General Education course(s)	The English courses assessed are English 105 and English 110.
taught	
2) Assessment Instruments : What data/evidence, other than GPA, are used assess the stated CCSU General Education outcomes? (e.g., capstone course, portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	The English Department's Composition Rubric was used as the assessment instrument. Faculty use the Composition Rubric to assess the last piece of untimed writing in English 105 and English 110. LO CRT 4 corresponds to the English Composition Rubric's Item #5, Style.
3) Interpretation : Who interprets the evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn. assistant, etc.). If this differs by XX course, provide information by XX course.	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.
4) <u>Results</u> : Since the most recent full report, state the conclusion(s) drawn, what evidence or supporting data led to the conclusion(s), and what changes have been made as a result of the conclusion(s).	Our data shows that over the past five years students are writing in an appropriate style that indicates awareness of audience. Minor fluctuation between years occurs, but our most recent complete data (between 2011 and 2012) shows that students improved. This data indicates that our faculty are teaching students to write from a rhetorical perspective, which our course outcomes require.
5) <u>Strengths</u> : What about your assessment process is working well?	This assessment works well and has provided our composition faculty with positive data. Our assessment practice is sound; the best way to evaluate students' writing style and audience awareness is through direct assessment (meaning, to read their writing). To continue improving our teaching methods, we can continue sharing class materials among our instructors (on our Blackboard site and during in-person professional development meetings) to generate ideas for teaching student writers to consider audience.
6) Improvements: What about your assessment process needs to improve? (changes to assessment plan should be reported here)	No major changes are needed for our assessment process. However, compared to other rubric items, students demonstrated slightly lower levels of mastery in the area of writing in an audience appropriate style; a cumulative 83% of students were scored as satisfactory of higher, which can be addressed through faculty workshops and resource sharing. The fall 2014 semester response rate is uncharacteristically low. Data on only five student papers were reported, or a sample from one class section. We know that more sections assessed student writing, so we need to understand the reason for this low reported response rate so that it does not happen in future semesters.

General Education LO Assessed: WC5. REVISE AND EDIT TO PRODUCE FOCUSED AND COHERENT PROSE Report Preparer: ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE –ENGLISH DEPARTMENT

General Education Question	Response
1) <u>Courses</u> : General Education course(s)	The English courses assessed are English 105 and English 110.
taught	
2) Assessment Instruments : What data/evidence, other than GPA, are used assess the stated CCSU General Education outcomes? (e.g., capstone course, portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	The English Department's Composition Rubric was used as the assessment instrument. Faculty use the Composition Rubric to assess the last piece of untimed writing in English 105 and English 110. LO CRT 4 corresponds to the English Composition Rubric's Item #1, Controlling Idea.
3) Interpretation : Who interprets the evidence? (e.g., faculty, Admn. assistant, etc.). If this differs by XX course, provide information by XX course.	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.
4) <u>Results</u> : Since the most recent full report, state the conclusion(s) drawn, what evidence or supporting data led to the conclusion(s), and what changes have been made as a result of the conclusion(s).	The data from the rubric item that is used to assess this learning outcome shows student achievement at an acceptable level. The cumulative percentage of student writing rated higher than satisfactory is 88% for Rubric Item #1. This percentage indicates that students are writing as process and improving each draft until they have an effective final draft. We are missing data from 2013 and 2014, but we have noticed improvement in students' scores between 2011 and 2012.
5) <u>Strengths</u> : What about your assessment process is working well?	This assessment works fairly well because it is a manageable way to rate the final polished prose of a student; though it does not provide insight into the students' writing and revision process, the faculty member assessing the writing has taught the student and knows his/her process. We will continue providing pedagogical support for our instructors through our training and our Composition Instructor Handbook. In addition, our course outcomes require that students write in stages, receive feedback on drafts, and revise their own writing, which supports this general education learning outcome.
6) Improvements: What about your assessment process needs to improve? (changes to assessment plan should be reported here)	No major changes are needed for our assessment process. As a department, we will continue to share and discuss teaching methods/resources for coaching students to revise and edit their prose. As previously noted, the fall 2014 semester response rate is uncharacteristically low. Data on only five student papers were reported, or a sample from one class section. We know that more sections assessed student writing, so we need to understand the reason for such a low reported response rate so that it does not happen in future semesters.

Appendix: English 110 Assessment Data

English 110 Ratings by Semester

Thoughtful	Rating						Grand	Avg	
Idea	1	2	3	4	5	Score	Total	Score	% <u>></u> 3
Sp 2009	3	25	144	146	94		412	3.74	93%
Fall 2009	3	41	133	163	101		441	3.72	90%
Sp 2010	8	29	69	94	47		247	3.58	85%
Fall 2010	10	40	145	158	97	30	480	3.65	89%
Fall 2011	9	54	135	111	80	35	424	3.51	84%
Fall 2012	17	31	98	126	113	45	430	3.75	88%
Fall 2014	0	0	0	3	2	10	15	4.40	100%
Grand									
Total	50	220	724	801	534	120	2449	3.67	88%

Controlling Idea

Semester	1	2	3	4	5	No Score	Grand Total	Avg Score	% <u>></u> 3
Sp 2009	1	23	148	159	81		412	3.72	94%
Fall 2009		24	164	163	89	1	441	3.72	95%
Sp 2010	8	28	79	95	37		247	3.51	85%
Fall 2010	11	41	133	180	85	30	480	3.64	88%
Fall 2011	14	72	121	93	89	35	424	3.44	78%
Fall 2012	16	41	82	122	124	45	430	3.77	85%
Fall 2014	0	0	0	0	5	10	15	5.00	100%
Grand									
Total	50	229	727	812	510	121	2449	3.65	88%

Semester	1	2	3	4	5	No Score	Grand Total	Avg Score	% <u>></u> 3
Sp 2009	5	37	158	158	54		412	3.53	90%
Fall 2009	2	53	167	146	73		441	3.53	88%
Sp 2010	11	30	91	78	37		247	3.40	83%
Fall 2010	14	51	184	133	68	30	480	3.42	86%
Fall 2011	14	76	141	109	48	36	424	3.26	77%
Fall 2012	15	46	102	135	87	45	430	3.61	84%
Fall 2014	0	0	0	3	2	10	15	4.40	100%
Grand									
Total	61	293	843	762	369	121	2449	3.47	85%

Demonstration of Controlling Idea

English 110 Ratings by Semester

Effective Organization

Semester	1	2	3	4	5	No Score	Grand Total	Avg Score	% <u>></u> 3
Sp 2009	3	32	154	155	68		412	3.61	92%
Fall 2009	2	39	150	154	96		441	3.69	91%
Sp 2010	10	29	92	77	39		247	3.43	84%
Fall 2010	10	66	156	145	73	30	480	3.46	83%
Fall 2011	18	65	133	103	66	39	424	3.35	78%
Fall 2012	14	48	105	123	95	45	430	3.62	84%
Fall 2014	0	0	0	2	3	10	15	4.60	100%
Grand									
Total	57	279	790	759	440	124	2449	3.54	86%

Mature & Effective Style

Semester	1	2	3	4	5	No Score	Grand Total	Avg Score	% <u>></u> 3
Sp 2009	5	56	159	142	50		412	3.43	85%
Fall 2009	7	52	160	147	75		441	3.52	87%
Sp 2010	10	43	82	79	33		247	3.33	79%
Fall 2010	12	48	167	148	75	30	480	3.50	87%
Fall 2011	17	74	143	118	37	35	424	3.22	77%
Fall 2012	14	58	141	104	68	45	430	3.40	81%
Fall 2014	0	0	1	2	2	10	15	4.20	100%
Grand									
Total	65	331	853	740	340	120	2449	3.41	83%

Semester	1	2	3	4	5	No Score	Grand Total	Avg Score	% <u>></u> 3
Sp 2009	4	51	147	125	85		412	3.57	87%
Fall 2009	6	50	149	136	100		441	3.62	87%
Sp 2010	4	48	80	83	32		247	3.37	79%
Fall 2010	15	67	152	141	75	30	480	3.43	82%
Fall 2011	26	62	166	95	40	35	424	3.16	77%
Fall 2012	18	59	127	107	74	45	430	3.42	80%
Fall 2014	0	0	1	3	1	10	15	4.00	100%
Grand									
Total	73	337	822	690	407	120	2449	3.44	82%

Attention to Convention

*no data from S13, F13, S14, S15

English Department Writing Rubric

	TARGET	CONSISTENT	SATISFACTORY	UNEVEN	UNSATISFACTORY
Thoughtful Ideas	The writer offers several thoughtful ideas that reveal a distinct analytical engagement with the topic. Writer has likely asked important "journalistic questions" (who, what, where, when, why) about the topic in order to develop and clarify it.	The writer offers several compelling ideas that shed light on the topic. There is a solid sense of intellectual engagement here, but the writer has not pushed him/herself to develop ideas to their fullest.	Although there are clear ideas in the paper, they tend to be predictable and their connection to the topic isn't always clearly developed. It's clear that the writer has a sense of a relationship between his/her expressed ideas and topic, but that relationship may remain implicit in part rather than being clearly explained.	Ideas may not shed light on the topic or may not be appropriate for the topic. Possible moments of clarity alongside contradiction. There is not a clear sense that the student understands the material or has thought about it at length.	No evidence of intellectual engagement with the material. Ideas, if present, may be contradictory to one another or may work against the essay's use of evidence.
Controlling Idea	The writer has clearly indicated a controlling idea that guides and structures the essay. The C.I. is appropriately complex for the scale of the essay. The C.I. is compelling in that it is not derived from a boilerplate; it emerges from a close intellectual engagement with the material.	The C.I. is present and clear, but it may not incorporate all of the issues addressed in the essay. The C.I. is interesting and complex, but not perhaps entirely original.	The C.I. is present and clear, but it could definitely be better developed. Although there is a governing idea to the essay, it may have a tendency to be simplistic or clichéd.	The C.I. is not a C.I. Parts of the essay may diverge from the C.I. and go in an entirely different direction. It's easy to get lost in the essay, even if it does make some sense. There may be ideas here, but the essay wanders.	No C.I or a C.I. entirely inappropriate for the subject matter.
Demonstration of Controlling Idea	Writer offers ample, striking, and convincing evidence in support of C.I. Writer recognizes and incorporates other perspectives into the	Writer offers appropriate and convincing evidence in support of C.I. Writer acknowledges other perspectives	There is appropriate evidence offered in support of the C.I., but it may be scanty or in need of elaboration. There may not be a clear	There is evidence offered, but it is inappropriate or inadequately set forth. There is no acknowledgement of	No C.I., or no appropriate evidence offered, or no evidence at all. There is no conclusion, or merely random statements or

	argument. Paper arrives at a meaningful and original conclusion arising effectively from the argument in support of the C.I.	appropriately within the paper and offers a conclusion arising from the argument in support of the C.I.	acknowledgement of other views, and there may be a summary, rather than a conclusion, or the conclusion may be general or obvious.	other perspectives. The conclusion may be absent or may not arise clearly from the argument presented.	assertions that have no relationship to the C.I. or the argument.
Effective Organization	All paragraphs are coherent and unified. Logic of the argument proceeds smoothly with appropriate transitions and a clear relationship among the various points presented.	All or most paragraphs are both coherent and unified. Appropriate transitions enhance the logic of the argument.	Some paragraphs are unified and coherent, but others may need to be expanded or combined. Transitions may be inappropriate or missing.	Paragraphing is present, but erratic and problematic. There is little in the way of transitions or other landmarks to help the reader through the argument.	Little in the way of organizing structure. Sentences may be presented as paragraphs, or whole pages may be offered with no paragraph breaks. No indications that the writer is aware of the relationships among the points, or may not even articulate points.
Mature and Effective Style	Writer provides a rich variety of sentence structures, both in length and format; word choice is appropriate, precise, and avoids triteness or clichés.	Writer provides a variety of sentence structures; word choice is accurate and helps advance the writer's claim.	Sentences and word choice are predictable with occasional infelicities in sentence structure. Some terms may be over-used or may be asked to do too much of the work of the argument.	Sentences and word choice are predictable, with frequent infelicities in sentence structure that begin to interfere with the writer's ability to communicate the purpose.	Little sentence structure variety; wording is predictable or inappropriate for collegiate work. Many errors are present in sentence structure.
Attention to Conventions and Readability	Writer follows conventions for college writing, including standard forms for punctuation, spelling, verb tense, and agreement. Essay avoids such mistakes as missing words, homonym confusions,	Writer betrays few, if any, minor errors in sentence construction, usage, grammar, or mechanics. Writer betrays very few mistakes with missing words, homonym confusions, tangled sentences, unclear	Writer commits some errors in sentence construction and mechanics, but the writer generally demonstrates a correct sense of syntax. Generally, care appears to have been taken in preparing the	Writer commits many and/or major errors in sentence structure and mechanics; writers' sense of correct use of syntax is in question. Care appears not to have been taken in preparing the manuscript.	Writer commits numerous minor errors and major errors; sentence construction is below mastery and displays a pattern of errors in usage and mechanics. Care has not been taken in preparing the manuscript.

tangled sentences,	references, and	manuscript.	
unclear references, and	confusing punctuation.		
confusing punctuation.	Care was taken in		
Care was taken in	preparing the		
preparing the	manuscript.		
manuscript.			

Department: ENGLISH **General Education LO Assessed:** CRT 1. DEFINE A PROBLEM **Report Preparer:** ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE- ENGLISH DEPARTMENT

General Education Questions	Response
1) <u>Courses</u> : General Education	The English courses assessed are the following ones:
course (s) taught.	ENG 203,ENG 204, ENG 205, ENG 206 ENG 210 ENG 211, ENG 212, ENG 213, ENG 214,
	ENG 215, ENG 220 ENG 250, ENG 260, ENG 261, ENG 262.
2) Assessment Instruments:	The English Dept.'s writing rubric is used to assess the last piece of untimed writing in General
What data/evidence, other than GPA, are	Education courses. LO CRT 1 corresponds to the English Writing Rubric Anchor number
used to assess the stated CCSU General	one: Thesis.
Education outcomes?	
(e.g. capstone course, Portfolio review, licensure	
examination, etc.)	
Interpretation: Who interprets	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.
the evidence? (e.g. faculty, Admin.	
Assistant, etc.,) If this differs by XX course,	
provide information by XX course.	
<u>Results</u>: Since the most recent full	CRT 1- Define a Problem:
report, state the conclusion (s) drawn, what	Overall, satisfactory levels exist based on number of students assessed.
evidence or supporting data led to the	Further improvements of total assessment numbers are encouraged in this area.
conclusion (s), and what changes have been	
made as a result of the conclusion (s)?	
5) <u>Strengths</u> : What about your assessment	Structure of written rubric used
process is working well?	Patterns assessed through rubric
	Analysis of patterns observed
	Focus on student's writing standards
6) Improvements: What about your	No major process improvements needed for CRT I aside from increase in number of participants
assessment process needs to improve?	per semester.
(changes in assessment plans should be	
reported here)	

Department: ENGLISH General Education LO Assessed: CRT 2. ASSEMBLE EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT CONCLUSION Report Preparer: ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE- ENGLISH DEPARTMENT

General Education Questions	Response
 <u>Courses</u>: General Education course (s) taught. 	The English courses assessed are the following ones: ENG 203,ENG 204, ENG 205, ENG 206 ENG 210 ENG 211, ENG 212, ENG 213, ENG 214, ENG 215, ENG 220 ENG 250, ENG 260, ENG 261, ENG 262.
2) <u>Assessment Instruments:</u> What data/evidence, other than GPA, are used to assess the stated CCSU General Education outcomes? (e.g. capstone course, Portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	The English Dept.'s writing rubric is used to assess the last piece of untimed writing in General Education courses, and it corresponds with the English assessment rubric anchor four- Demonstration of Thesis and six- relationship between literary work and its context
3) <u>Interpretation:</u> Who interprets the evidence? (e.g. faculty, Admin. Assistant, etc.,) If this differs by XX course, provide information by XX course.	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.
4) <u>Results:</u> Since the most recent full report, state the conclusion (s) drawn, what evidence or supporting data led to the	CRT 2- Assemble Evidence to Support Conclusion: Acceptable average results are drawn since the most recent report. Steady improvement of mean score is noted for Spring 2015 in comparison with Fall 2013 and Spring 2014 mean scores. Written assignments intended to challenge students with stronger source documentations in line with the thesis or topic will continue to be used by instructors. Implementation of quality written assignments The number of written assignments suggested Specific guidelines for assessments made
6) <u>Improvements</u> : What about your assessment process needs to improve? (changes in assessment plans should be reported here)	Scores can be improved beyond the average mean Overall number of students assessed Possible deadline extensions established within reasonable timeframe

Department: ENGLISH **General Education LO Assessed:** CRT 3. ASSESSS THE VALIDITY OF A SUSTAINED ARGUMENT **Report Preparer:** ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE- ENGLISH DEPARTMENT

General Education Questions	Response								
 <u>Courses</u>: General Education course (s) taught. 	The English courses assessed are the following ones: ENG 203,ENG 204, ENG 205, ENG 206 ENG 210 ENG 211, ENG 212, ENG 213, ENG 214,								
	ENG 215, ENG 220 ENG 250, ENG 260, ENG 261, ENG 262.								
2) <u>Assessment Instruments:</u>	The English Dept.'s writing rubric is used to assess the last piece of untimed writing in General								
What data/evidence, other than GPA, are used to assess the stated CCSU General	Education courses. Learning outcomes correspond to anchor number six (use of secondary or research material) of the rubric used.								
Education outcomes?									
(e.g. capstone course, Portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)									
3) Interpretation: Who interprets	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.								
the evidence? (e.g. faculty, Admin.									
Assistant, etc.,) If this differs by XX course,									
provide information by XX course.									
 <u>Results</u>: Since the most recent full 	CRT 3- Assess The Validity Of A Sustained Argument:								
report, state the conclusion (s) drawn, what	Current data shows only a slight improvement in this area since Spring 2014.								
evidence or supporting data led to the	However, some patterns of inconsistency are evident and suggest a continuing trend of								
conclusion (s), and what changes have been made as a result of the conclusion (s)?	satisfactory rather than above average results from previous semesters to the current one.								
5) <u>Strengths</u> : What about your assessment	Acknowledgments of areas of concern and improvements								
process is working well?	Encouragement of faculty to cover select areas: i.e. summary/paraphrasing of source materials								
	Focus on students' collective writing standards in argumentative essays								
6) Improvements: What about your	Further questioning of reliability of results based on information analyzed.								
assessment process needs to improve?	Continue pattern of improvement with the number of student participants.								
(changes in assessment plans should be reported here)	Favorable solutions for clarity of unclear or questionable data.								

Department: ENGLISH General Education LO Assessed: CRT 4. ANAYLSIS INFORMATION TO UNCOVER UNDERLYING MEANINGS, STRUCTURES AND PATTERNS Report Preparer: ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE- ENGLISH DEPARTMENT

General Education Questions	Response
1) <u>Courses</u> : General Education	The English courses assessed are the following ones:
course (s) taught.	ENG 203,ENG 204, ENG 205, ENG 206 ENG 210 ENG 211, ENG 212, ENG 213, ENG 214,
	ENG 215, ENG 220 ENG 250, ENG 260, ENG 261, ENG 262.
2) Assessment Instruments:	The English Dept.'s writing rubric is used to assess the last piece of untimed writing in General
What data/evidence, other than GPA, are	Education courses. Anchor two (Reading of Literature) and Anchor six (relationship between
used to assess the stated CCSU General	literary work and its context) are specific rubric categories used.
Education outcomes?	
(e.g. capstone course, Portfolio review, licensure	
examination, etc.)	
3) Interpretation: Who interprets	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.
the evidence? (e.g. faculty, Admin.	
Assistant, etc.,) If this differs by XX course,	
provide information by XX course.	
4) <u>Results:</u> Since the most recent full	CRT 4- Analysis Information to Uncover Underlying Meanings, Structures, and Patterns :
report, state the conclusion (s) drawn, what	Although a slight decrease is noted, favorable results continue to be a pattern in learning
evidence or supporting data led to the	outcome.
conclusion (s), and what changes have been	Data indicates students' abilities to cover basic patterns and meanings with relevant literary
made as a result of the conclusion (s)?	devices applied.
5) <u>Strengths</u> : What about your assessment	Student's abilities to interpret and analyze material with appropriate guidance
process is working well?	Practice exercises for students to distinguish plot from specific literary elements.
	Focus on student's overall writing standards
6) Improvements: What about your	A Continuation of practice exercises by instructors are encouraged.
assessment process needs to improve?	Close reading of various forms of fiction are supported.
(changes in assessment plans should be	More Students essays for following semesters should be assessed.
reported here)	

Department: ENGLISH **General Education LO Assessed:** AH 3. ENGAGE IN LITERARY, PHILOSOPHIC AND ARTISTIC ANALYSIS **Report Preparer:** ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE- ENGLISH DEPARTMENT

General Education Questions	Response
 <u>Courses</u>: General Education course (s) taught. 	The English courses assessed are the following ones: ENG 203,ENG 204, ENG 205, ENG 206 ENG 210 ENG 211, ENG 212, ENG 213, ENG 214, ENG 215, ENG 220 ENG 250, ENG 260, ENG 261, ENG 262.
2) <u>Assessment Instruments:</u> What data/evidence, other than GPA, are used to assess the stated CCSU General Education outcomes? (e.g. capstone course, Portfolio review, licensure examination, etc.)	The English Dept.'s writing rubric is used to assess the last piece of untimed writing in General Education courses. LO AH3 corresponds to anchor three (Use of Quotes and Context) and anchor five (relationship between literary work and context).
3) <u>Interpretation:</u> Who interprets the evidence? (e.g. faculty, Admin. Assistant, etc.,) If this differs by XX course, provide information by XX course.	The English Department's Assessment Committee interprets the evidence.
evidence or supporting data led to the conclusion (s), and what changes have been made as a result of the conclusion (s)? 5) <u>Strengths</u> : What about your assessment	A solid average ranking is noted for AH 3. Although some fluctuations in previous semesters exist, means score trend is favorable for semester assessed. Based on general patterns assessed, continued favorable mean scores are expected in upcoming semesters. Understanding of textual evidence
 process is working well? 6) <u>Improvements</u>: What about your assessment process needs to improve? 	Demonstration of textual support for ideas Increased overall performance in category for last three semesters Faculty members are encouraged to continue using sound practice materials and specific content examples or references. Further encouragement of creative ideas with applied theories can help
(changes in assessment plans should be reported here)	move beyond required approval standards.

Appendix: English Department General Education Assessment Data

5= highest rating, 3= acceptable, 1=lowest rating

Table 1 General	Table 1 General Education Outcome: CRT 1. Define a Problem													
	Fall 2008	Sp 2009	Fall 2009	Sp 2010	Fall 2010	Sp 2011	Fall 2011	Sp 2012	Fall 2012	Sp 2013	Fall 2013	Sp 2014	Sp 2015	Cumulative
Percent <u>></u> 3	64%	73%	71%	88%	68%	64%	72%	79%	77%	85%	78%	78%	81%	75%
Mean Score	3.07	3.21	3.04	3.68	2.95	2.93	3.05	3.32	3.29	3.28	3.38	3.53	3.44	3.23
Total Assessed	273	541	510	469	148	369	316	523	209	101	78	131	113	3,944
Not Assessed	58	0	113	28	1	26	29	47	17	59	12	23	57	470
Total Students	331	541	623	497	149	395	345	570	226	160	90	154	170	4,414

Table 2 General Education Outcome: CRT 2. Assemble evidence to support a conclusion

	Fall 2008	Sp 2009	Fall 2009	Sp 2010	Fall 2010	Sp 2011	Fall 2011	Sp 2012	Fall 2012	Sp 2013	Fall 2013	Sp 2014	Sp 2015	Cumulative
Percent > 3	71%	70%	67%	84%	68%	62%	67%	79%	76%	87%	72%	81%	88%	74%
Mean Score	3.13	3.14	2.95	3.57	2.94	2.92	2.96	3.33	3.17	3.47	3.39	3.53	3.62	3.19
Total Assessed	271	540	510	468	149	369	314	523	209	100	76	131	112	3,935
Not Assessed	60	1	113	29	0	26	31	47	17	60	14	23	58	479
Total Students	331	541	623	497	149	395	345	570	226	160	90	154	170	4,414

Table 3 General Education Outcome: CRT 3. Assess the validity of a sustained argument

	Fall 2008	Sp 2009	Fall 2009	Sp 2010	Fall 2010	Sp 2011	Fall 2011	Sp 2012	Fall 2012	Sp 2013	Fall 2013	Sp 2014	Sp 2015	Cumulative
Percent <u>></u> 3	79%	68%	59%	78%	52%	54%	58%	83%	88%	79%	90%	66%	73%	69%
Mean Score	3.32	3.05	2.76	3.33	2.63	2.75	2.73	3.26	3.52	3.18	3.60	3.07	3.15	3.04
Total Assessed	131	338	325	393	130	155	150	280	25	61	10	41	41	2,165
Not Assessed	200	203	298	104	19	240	195	290	201	99	80	113	129	2249
Total Students	331	541	623	497	149	395	345	570	226	160	90	154	170	4,414

Table 4 General Education Outcome: CRT 4. Analyze information to uncover underlying meanings, structures and patterns

	Fall 2008	Sp 2009	Fall 2009	Sp 2010	Fall 2010	Sp 2011	Fall 2011	Sp 2012	Fall 2012	Sp 2013	Fall 2013	Sp 2014	Sp 2015	Cumulative
Percent <u>></u> 3	74%	75%	76%	84%	76%	66%	69%	80%	78%	84%	75%	83%	84%	77%
Mean Score	3.18	3.25	3.23	3.65	3.2	3.01	3.03	3.35	3.16	3.44	3.42	3.58	3.51	3.29
Total Assessed	329	540	623	496	149	395	315	522	209	101	77	131	112	4,162

Not Assessed	2	1	0	1	0	0	30	48	17	59	13	23	58	252
Total Students	331	541	623	497	149	395	345	570	226	160	90	154	170	4,414

 Table 5 General Education Outcome:
 AH 3. Engage in literary, philosophic, and artistic analysis

	Fall 2008	Sp 2009	Fall 2009	Sp 2010	Fall 2010	Sp 2011	Fall 2011	Sp 2012	Fall 2012	Sp 2013	Fall 2013	Sp 2014	Sp 2015	Cumulative
Percent <u>></u> 3	75%	76%	75%	87%	68%	67%	74%	82%	81%	89%	69%	85%	82%	78%
Mean Score	3.23	3.23	3.16	3.72	3.04	3.06	3.05	3.39	3.25	3.53	3.17	3.45	3.55	3.29
Total Assessed	329	540	623	496	149	395	315	525	209	101	77	131	112	4,165
Not Assessed	2	1	0	1	0	0	30	45	17	59	13	23	58	249
Total Students	331	541	623	497	149	395	345	570	226	160	90	154	170	4,414
		<i>.</i>												

Note: data not available on fall 2014

English Department Literature Assessment Rubric

Outcome	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
thesis	no thesis or thesis not literary, or is deemed indefensible or illegitimate	rudimentary, implicit, or conceptually muddled thesis, or is merely description rather than claim	basically sound thesis— arguable, appropriate, but simplistic and perhaps not ambitious enough for assignment	solid thesis, defined, detailed, and not only appropriate but also addresses the complexity of the work(s) addressed	explicit, complex, original
reading of lit.	on the basis of textual evidence misrepresents or misunderstands work(s) addressed	only basic or general understanding of work(s) addressed—often treats plot rather than literary elements	solid understanding of literary elements observable in work(s) addressed, but may not have much authorial elaboration or may name them without integrating them into a clear reading	demonstrates some sophistication in the reading of literature; identifies and discusses appropriately with accurate vocabulary literary elements supporting claim, though may miss some implications of what has been observed	finely drawn observations/comments on work(s) addressed
use of quotes	may be missing any textual support; quoted passages may actually contradict point at hand; may quote inaccurately	may rely too heavily on quotes to make point; may not include strongest textual evidence available, may draw spurious conclusions from appropriate passages or only limited and minor points	generally appropriate, accurate use of textual evidence, but may be used to make rather simple or obvious points; may offer passages that are unnecessarily long or fail to include details necessary to support claim	appropriate, accurate, supports argument clearly, but there may be some relevant details within quotation left untreated or a failure to recognize other elements within a passage beyond the immediate point at hand	well-chosen, well- explicated, accurate, and integrated into author's argument
demonstration of thesis	missing, spurious; may not be literary; may be entirely or largely plot summary	rudimentary; may be only implicit or only indirectly tied to claim; may include unnecessary plot summary	present, addresses literature, but perhaps does not arise directly from the claim or is not particularly striking or original; may be more description rather than close reading	present, relevant, literary, arises from the claim presented but may miss opportunities to develop the nuances of the work(s) addressed	convincing, complex picture of literature and literary issues addressed; stems directly from claim presented
rel. between lit. work and its	misassertions or misinformation about	awareness of issues of context, but may ID	ID's appropriate and helpful context; able to draw clear,	clear, valid relationships	articulates clear, valuable relationship between

context	context; or no attempt to contextualize	inappropriate contexts or have only rudimentary notions of connections	useful, if not necessarily sophisticated, connections in discussion of work(s) addressed	between works and context(s), makes use of relationship to craft argument and conclusion but may miss additional contexts that complicate claim	work(s) and appropriate context(s) in a variety of ways; sees complexity of such relationships
use of secondary or research material	req. by assignment but missing, or no citation, or material dropped into text without any purpose or relevance	material present (if req.) but long passages may be presented without discussion or authorial contextualizing; may be poorly cited; may not be related to argument advanced	used largely appropriately in support of argument, but may not be integrated fully into the argument; may have some problems with citation	used appropriately and cited correctly; demonstrates sound understanding of sources used, and sources are relevant to topic at hand; citation practices correct	material mastered and set into clear, valuable rel. with author's perspective; technicalities of use of citation entirely correct